

VACUUM & PRESSURE PRODUCTS

Plastics Industry





Conveying & Drying

Pellet Conveying

- Pellets are conveyed through extensive pipe networks
- Conveyed under vacuum (dense phase) or pressure (dilute phase)

Pellet Drying

- Pellets absorb moisture which can affect the quality of the final products
- Pellets are heated and dried to a specific moisture content
- Side channel blowers are used to circulate heated air through storage silos
- Moisture is removed from the air by desiccant dryers
- Blowers are used to regenerate (dry out) desiccant dyers

G-Series Side Channel	 Contact-less operation Quiet operation Tolerant to dust ingestion UL/CSA approved Service intervals up to 40,000 hours 50/60 Hz motors as standard
L-Series Liquid Ring	 High resistance to corrosion Contact-less operation Increased water carry-over models UL/CSA approval 50/60 Hz motors as standard Available in partial or closed circulated
V-Series Rotary Vane	 Compact footprint Low noise level Long life vanes Oil-free or lubricated designs Extended maintenance intervals
C-Series Claw	 Contact-less operation Oil-free compression Highly efficient No wearing parts Minimal maintenance



Extruding

Extruder Venting

- Vacuum is used to remove air pockets, bubbles and moisture from melted plastic.
- During the extruding process, vacuum also removes the low molecular substances
- Vacuum process provides optimal quality, strength and smoothness to the final product

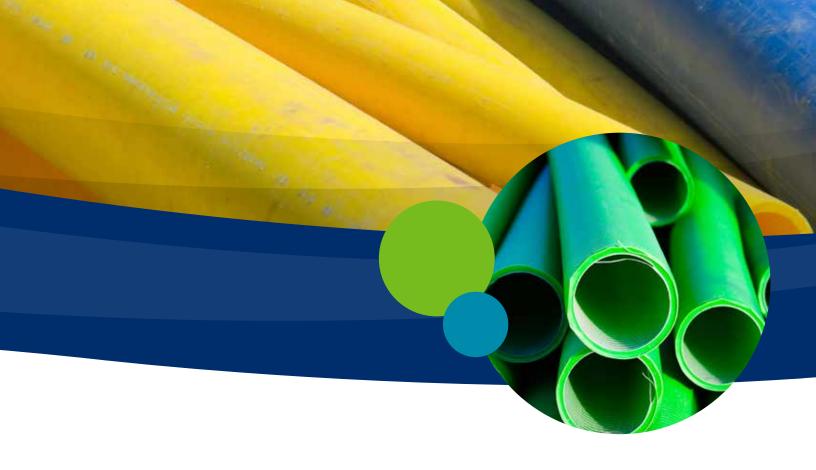
Cooling & Drying

- Hot plastic discharged from extruder is cooled with side channel blowers
- Blast cooling air ensures the ultimate quality and final product shape

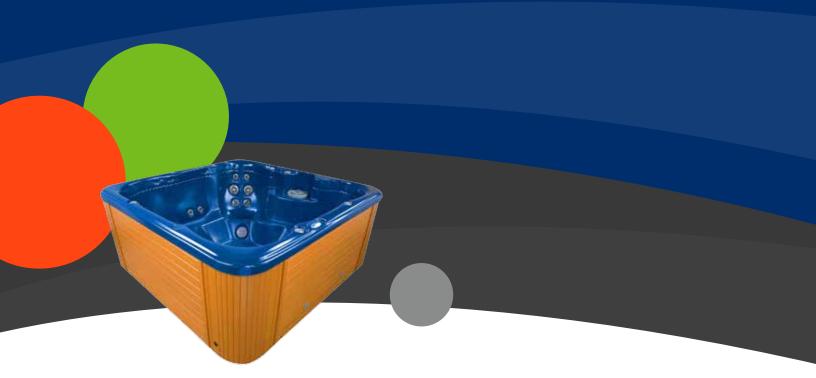
Calibration

- Extruded products such as pipe require exacting final dimensions
- Hot extruded product is sent through a water cooling bath under vacuum
- Vacuum is used as a pressing force to ensure strict dimensional requirements
- Liquid ring pumps are ideal for this process

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S-Series Screw	 Continuous variable pitch screws Short evacuation times Oil-free compression High water vapor tolerance Minimal maintenance costs







Forming

Injection Molding

- Melted rubber and plastic are injected into a mold under pressure
- The addition of vacuum speeds up the process by removing trapped gasses during quick-fill conditions
- Vacuum solves quality issues such as part burns, voids, short shots and cosmetic defects.

Thermoforming

- Sheets of thermoplastic are clamped down and heated to its softening temperature
- Vacuum force is used to press the sheet to conform to the shape of a mold
- Once cooled, part retains its final shape

Vacuum Bagging

- Items formed by composite layers and glue are placed in a large vacuum bag
- While under vacuum, atmospheric force is used to press the layers together during curing
- Vacuum removes small bubbles, speeds up the curing process and improves final quality

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Fastening

Gluing Plastic Parts

- Composite materials are formed into panels with glue
- Sheets are put into a stack and placed into a bag under vacuum
- Atmospheric pressure produces the required force to press the composites together into the final form during the curing process

Plastic Welding

- Plastic sheets are welded together using high velocity heated air (400-575°F)
- Oil-free rotary vane compressors are used to accelerate the air to the required velocity

• High resistance to corrosion **L-Series** • Contact-less operation Liquid Ring • Increased water carry-over models • UL/CSA approval • 50/60 Hz motors as standard • Available in partial or closed circulated • Compact footprint **V-Series** Low noise level Rotary Vane • Long life vanes • Oil-free or lubricated designs • Extended maintenance intervals **C-Series** • Contact-less operation • Oil-free compression Claw • Highly efficient • No wearing parts • Minimal maintenance **S-Series** • Continuous variable pitch screws • Short evacuation times Screw • Oil-free compression • High water vapor tolerance





Forming

Expanded Polystyrene (EPS)

- Styrofoam products are formed from small beads of styrene in a form or mold
- Steam is injected into the mold during the process
- Vacuum is used to extract the steam and moisture from the mold

G-Series

- Side Channel
- Contact-less operation
- Quiet operation
- Tolerant to dust ingestion
- UL/CSA approved
- Service intervals up to 40,000 hours
- 50/60 Hz motors as standard





G-BH2



The leader in every market we serve by continuously improving all business processes with a focus on innovation and velocity



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